INSTALLATION RESTORATION PROGRAM

123rd AIRLIFT WING KENTUCKY AIR NATIONAL GUARD STANDIFORD FIELD LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

FINAL

FOURTH QUARTERLY MONITORING REPORT FOR THE FORMER FIRE TRAINING AREA DELIVERABLE 2B



JANUARY 1998

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Prepared for:

Air National Guard Readiness Center Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland

Ogden Project No. 3-1300-0057-0002

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ACRONYMS

ANG Air National Guard

ANGRC Air National Guard Readiness Center

AW Airlift Wing

CLP Contract Laboratory Program

CoC Chain of Custody

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FTA Fire Training Area

IRP Installation Restoration Program KYANG Kentucky Air National Guard

AWQC Kentucky Water Quality Criteria for Warm Water Aquatic Habitats
HHWQC Kentucky Water Quality Criteria for Protection of Human Health

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level PCB Polychlorinated biphenyl

QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control

QC Quality Control SOW Scope of Work

SVOC Semivolatile Organic Compound

TAL Target Analyte List

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report documents the analytical results of the fourth quarterly surface water monitoring program of the second year at the former Fire Training Area (FTA) located at the former 123 Airlift Wing, Kentucky Air National Guard, Standiford Field, Louisville, Kentucky. Field activities were conducted in accordance with the scope of work, provided by the Air National Guard Readiness Center (ANGRC), and the Sampling and Analysis Plan submitted by CH2M HILL Southeast to the ANGRC.

Surface water samples were obtained from the former FTA on 7 February 1997. The analytical results for the fourth quarterly sampling episode indicated that semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and dioxin levels were below method detection limits in sample FTA-1 and in the duplicate FTA-2. For the target analyte list (TAL), three metals present in concentrations above detection limits (calcium, magnesium, and sodium) were not identified by Kentucky Water Quality Criteria for Protection of Human Health (HHWQC), US EPA Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) for drinking water, nor the Kentucky Water Quality Criteria for Warm Water Aquatic Habitats (AWQC). An additional TAL metal (manganese) was present in a concentration above its method detection limit. Manganese is included on the MCL for drinking water list, but the concentration of manganese in the sample was below its MCL. Proper sample handling and analysis was confirmed by Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) samples.

1.0 INTRODUCTION/BACKGROUND

The Air National Guard Readiness Center (ANGRC) is responsible for implementation of the Department of Defense Installation Restoration Program (IRP) at all Air National Guard facilities. Through the IRP, sites are identified, evaluated and remediated, if it is determined that past activities threaten public health, public welfare, or the environment. This quarterly monitoring report has been prepared by Ogden Environmental and Energy Services under contract DAHA90-94-D-0005 with the ANGRC.

This document presents the fourth quarterly monitoring activities and results for the second year of the postclosure monitoring at the former FTA at the former 123rd Airlift Wing (123 AW), Kentucky Air National Guard (KYANG), Standiford Field, Louisville, Kentucky (Base). The location of the former Base is shown on Figure 1. The quarterly monitoring is being conducted as part of the ANG IRP.

The purpose of this report is to describe field sampling activities and the analytical results generated from those activities. The objective of the quarterly monitoring program is to monitor the effectiveness of the closure action by comparing analytical results against the criteria specified in the approved Sampling and Analysis Plan and scope of work.

2.0 SITE LOCATION

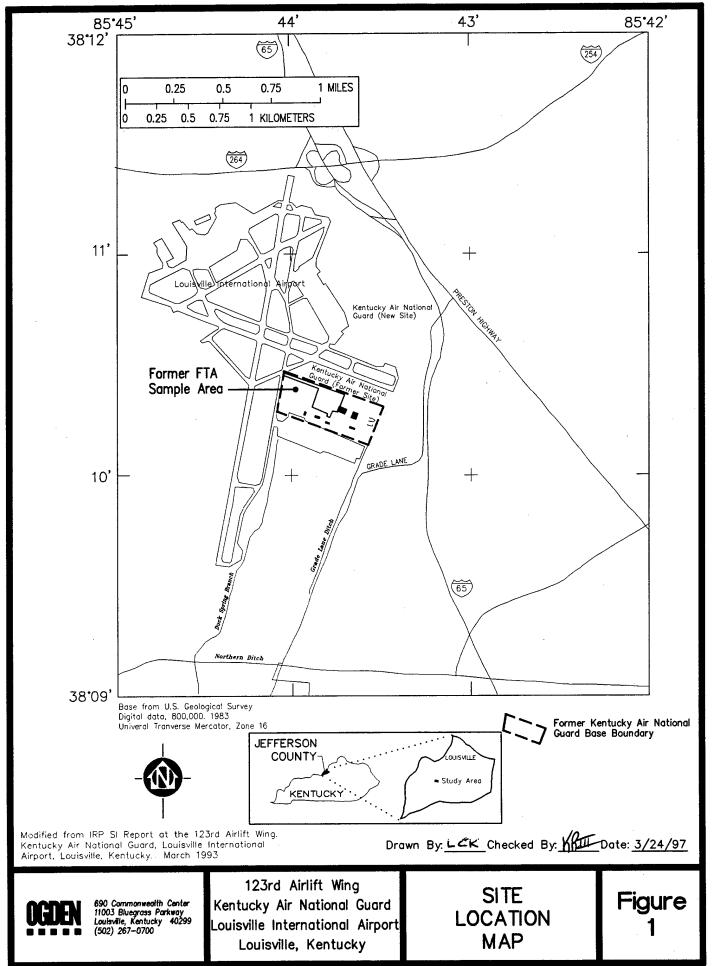
The former Base is located on the eastern side of Standiford Field, approximately 5.5 miles southeast of downtown Louisville. The former FTA, where closure monitoring is taking place, is located in the western area of the site as shown in Figure 2. Physical features of the site include Duck Springs, Duck Springs Branch flowing south from Duck Springs, and drainage ditches to the east, west, and south of the former FTA.

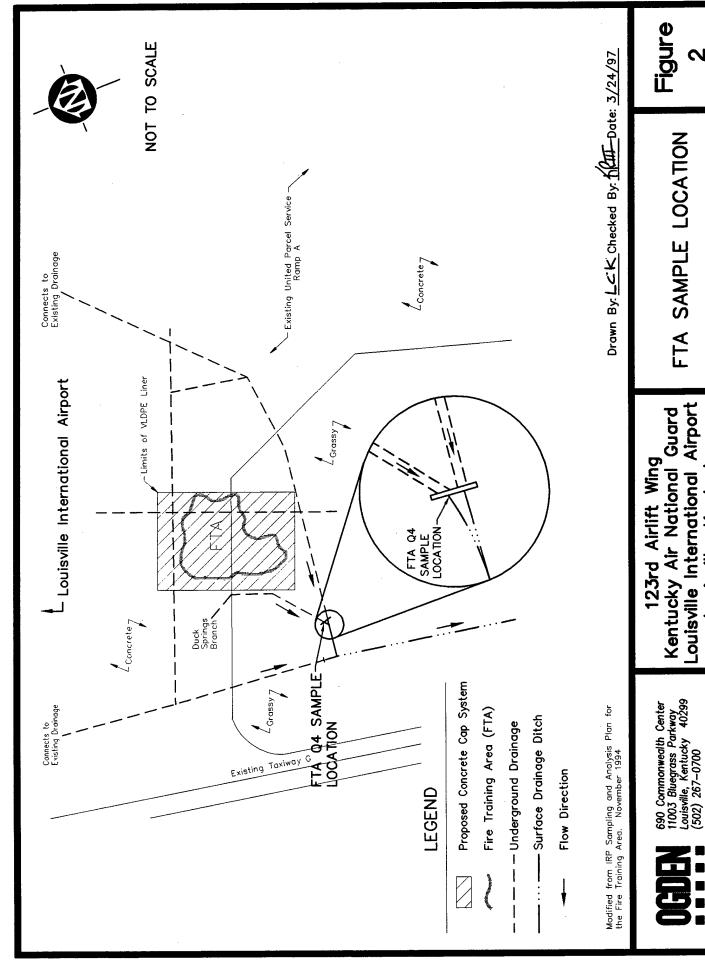
3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The environmental setting of the former Base is described in detail in the IRP Site Investigation Report (U.S. Geological Survey, 1993). Summaries of the physiography, population characteristics, climate, drainage, and hydrogeology are presented below.

3.1 Physiography

The site is near the geographic center of Jefferson County, Kentucky (Figure 1). The county borders the Ohio River and lies mainly in the Bluegrass physiographic section of Kentucky (Lobeck, 1932). Most of the county has a gently rolling topography with low relief, except near major drainage areas. The flood plain of the Ohio River is about 6 miles northwest of the Base. Elevations of the flood plain are typically 430 to 440 feet above sea level. The normal lower pool elevation of the Ohio River is 383 feet above sea level. The elevation of the former engine test pad is 472 feet above sea level. The former engine test pad was located on top of a portion of the former FTA.





FTA SAMPLE LOCATION Louisville International Airport

Figure

Drawing Filename: LOUANG-2.dwg (CIV 211a)

Louisville, Kentucky

3.2 Population Characteristics

Residential areas are located immediately east of Standiford Field across Interstate 65. Commercial and industrial areas are located south and west of the airport and site.

3.3 Climate

The climate of Kentucky is classified as moist-continental. Winters are moderately cold (temperatures rarely below 0 °F), and summers are moderately hot (temperatures rarely above 100 °F). The coldest months are January and February, during which daily minimum temperatures average 25 °F; the warmest months are July and August, during which daily maximum temperatures average 87 °F (U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 1993). The average annual precipitation in Louisville is 43.03 inches. Generally, October is the driest month, with March being the wettest.

3.4 Drainage

Surface runoff from the former FTA flows into Duck Springs Branch. Duck Springs Branch flows to the southwest for about 1.8 miles, where it joins Northern Ditch, approximately 0.5 miles west of the confluence of Grade Lane Ditch and Northern Ditch. All surface runoff from the base eventually flows into the Ohio River.

3.5 Hydrogeology

The natural soil cover and unconsolidated deposits are not considered to be a source of water because of their high clay content. The water table in the unconsolidated deposits is within a few feet of the land surface for most of the year because of the relatively low permeability of the unconsolidated material and the underlying shale. Because of the long history of land reclamation, land use, and airport and Base construction at the former FTA, the presence of natural soil profiles is uncertain.

The main aquifer beneath the former Base is bedrock made up of the Jeffersonville and Sellersburg Limestones. This bedrock produces water mainly through fractures that have been enlarged by dissolution of the limestone. Precipitation enters the fracture system in the outcrop areas and flows generally toward the Ohio River. Ground water in the fracture system is confined or semiconfined by overlying shale. Wells that do not intersect fractures produce little or no water. The New Albany Shale is the first consolidated geologic layer encountered in the area of the former FTA. Based on the soil boring logs contained in the March 1993 Site Investigation proposed by the United States Geological Survey, the shale is predominantly located in or near the southern portion of the former FTA.

4.0 FIELD PROGRAM

4.1 Summary of Field Program

As a closure method under Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 224.46-520, a cap has been placed over the former FTA as of August 1995. As part of the closure activities at the former FTA, KRS 224.46-520 requires postclosure monitoring and maintenance for a minimum of thirty years after closure. Surface water monitoring will be conducted at the discharge of Duck Spring throughout the 30-year postclosure period. Surface water samples will be collected and analyzed quarterly. If eight consecutive quarterly samples are below detection limits, or in the case of inorganics, below ambient human health and aquatic criteria, a variance recommending a less frequent sampling period will be requested.

4.1.1 Field Activities

On 7 February 1997 one sample was collected from the drainage culvert as required by the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Figure 2). A duplicate sample and matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate samples were also collected. The original sample and the duplicate sample were labeled with the identification numbers of FTA-1 and FTA-2, respectively. The matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate samples were labeled MS and MSD respectively for laboratory identification. A trip blank sample accompanied the samples during shipment and was analyzed for VOCs utilizing methods 8010 and 8020. Table 1 summarizes the samples collected and analyses performed. Sampling activities were recorded in the project log book, a copy of which is provided in Appendix I. The sample identification numbers, time of collection, and associated analytical methods were recorded on the Chain of Custody (CoC), also copied and included in Appendix I.

Table 1. Summary of Surface Water Samples Collected

Samples			Parameters		
Collected	VOCs	SVOCs	TAL Metals	Dioxins	PCBs
FTA - 1	X	Х	X	X	X
FTA - 2*	X	X	X	X	Х
FTA - 1MS	X	Х	X	X	X
FTA - 1MSD	X	Х	X	X	X
Tripblank	Х				

^{*}FTA-2 is a duplicate sample of FTA-1

MS: Matrix Spike (Extra sample water required to perform SVOC, Dioxin, and PCB analysis)

MSD: Matrix Spike Duplicate (Extra sample water required to perform SVOC, Dioxin, and PCB analysis)

4.2 Deviations from the Sampling and Analysis Plan

There were no deviations from the Sampling and Analysis Plan.

4.3 Field Screening Activities

There are no field screening activities identified in the Scope of Work or in the Sampling and Analysis Plan.

4.4 Analytical Activities

Samples were collected and analyzed, utilizing Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) quality control (QC) level III reportables, for the parameters specified in the Sampling and Analysis Plan.

- Semivolatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs) utilizing EPA method 8270;
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) utilizing EPA methods 8010 and 8020;
- Metal Target Analyte List (TAL) analysis following Contract Laboratory Program (CLP);
- Dioxins utilizing EPA method 8280; and,
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) utilizing EPA method 8080.

Level III reportables provide sufficient information to conduct a data validation, thereby permitting the data to be used in remedial actions if required. Samples were collected in laboratory supplied containers. Preservatives, as necessary, were added to containers in the laboratory prior to container shipment. Data validation was completed on these samples by the laboratory as requested.

4.5 Investigation Derived Waste

No waste was generated during field sampling activities.

5.0 INVESTIGATION FINDINGS

5.1 Summary of Investigation Findings

In accordance with the scope of work, the organic analyses (VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and dioxins) results were compared to method detection limits. The analytical results for the fourth quarterly monitoring episode of the second year indicated that VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and dioxins levels were below their associated method detection limits. Analytical results for TAL metals above detection limits included calcium, magnesium, manganese, and sodium. TAL metal analytical results were compared to HHWQC, AWQC, and MCLs. Only one of the TAL metals present in concentrations above its detection limit (manganese) was identified as being on one of the lists (the MCL for

drinking water list). However, the concentration of manganese in the sample was below its MCL. The analytical results from the fourth quarter were similar to the third quarter results of the current delivery order (0057), with the exception of the presence of maganese.

5.1.1 Field Screening Results

There are no field screening activities identified in the Scope of Work (SOW) or in the Sampling and Analysis Plan.

5.1.2 Analytical Results

TAL metals analytical results from the surface water samples indicated calcium, magnesium, manganese, and sodium levels to be above method detection limits (Table 2). Calcium, magnesium, and sodium were not identified on any of the specified criteria lists. The concentration of manganese was below the MCL, and is not identified on the HHWQC or the AWQC. Analytical results for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and dioxins were all below method detection limits. Tables 3, 4, 5, and 6 are summary tables for SVOCs, PCBs, VOCs, and dioxins results, respectively. Proper sample handling and analysis was confirmed by QA/QC samples. At the request of the ANGRC, analytical laboratory data sheets are not submitted with this monitoring report. The analytical data sheets with associated quality control data are on file. A copy of the laboratory data sheets will be submitted upon request.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

No VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, or dioxins were detected above method detection limits in the discharge water of Duck Springs. Metal analytical results identified calcium, magnesium, manganese, and sodium to be above their method detection limits. Of the metals found to be above method detection limits, calcium, magnesium, and sodium were not identified by the HHWQC, the MCLs list, or the AWQC. Manganese is included on the MCL for drinking water list, but the concentration of manganese in the samples was below its MCL.

According to the analytical results, the former FTA has not adversely affected Duck Springs. Quarterly sampling and analysis will continue. If eight consecutive quarterly surface water samples are below method detection limits or, in the case of inorganics, below ambient human health and aquatic criteria a variance recommending a less frequent sampling period will be requested. To date, eight (8) sampling events have been completed.

TABLE 2. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR METALS ON THE TARGET ANALYTE LIST

PARAMETER	RESULT (ug/l)	ULT.	DETECTION	KY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA FOR PROTECTION OF	US EPA DRINKING WATER	KY WARM WATER AQUATIC HABITAT CRITERIA: (ug/l) **	WARM WATER AQUATIC HABITAT CRITERIA (ug/l) **
	FTA-1	FTA-2	(78n)	HUMAN HEALTH (ug/l)	MCLs (ug/l)	ACUTE	CHRONIC
Silver	ND	ND	10	N/I	100	38.79	N/E
Aluminum	ND	ND	200	I/N	50 - 200	N/I	N/I
Arsenic	ND	ND	10	I/N	50	N/E	50
Barium	ND	ND	200	N/I	2000	I/N	N/I
Beryllium	ND	ND	5	0.117	4	I/N	N/I
Calcium	141000	142000	2000	N/I	N/I	N/I	N/I
Cadmium	ND	ND	5	N/I	5	17.23	3.17
Cobalt	ND	ND	5	I/N	N/I	I/N	N/I
Chromium	ND	ND	10	0000049	100	16	11
Copper	ND	ND	25	I/N	1300 *	61	36.3
Iron	ND	ND	100	N/I	300	4000	1000
Mercury	ND	ND	0.2	0.146	2	2.4	0.012
Potassium	ND	ND	2000	N/I	N/I	N/I	N/I

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TABLE 2. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR METALS ON THE TARGET ANALYTE LIST (continued)

PARAMETER	RESULT (ug/l)	OLT.	DETECTION	KY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA FOR PROTECTION OF	US EPA DRINKING WATER	KY WARM WATER AQUA HABITAT CRITERIA (ug/l) **	KY WARM WATER AQUATIC HABITAT CRITERIA (ug/l) **
	гуда	FTA-2	(mg/J)	HUMAN HEALTH (ug/l)	MCLs (ug/l)	ACUTE	CHRONIC
Magnesium	13500	13600	2000	N/I	N/I	N/I	N/I
Manganese	24.1	25.3	15	N/I	50	N/I	N/I
Sodium	00869	00289	2000	N/I	N/E	N/I	N/I
Nickel	ND	ND	40	NЛ	100	4304.6	478.5
Lead	ND	ND	3	N/I	15 *	434	16.9
Antimony	ND ON	ND	09	45000	9	N/I	N/I
Selenium	ND	ND	5	I/N	50	20	5
Thallium	EN	ND	10	48	2	I/N	N/I
Vanadium	ND	ND	50	ΝΛ	N/E	N/I	N/I
Zinc	ND	ND	20	N/I	N/E	355.78	322

Action Level, No MCL established Calculated only for inorganics

N/I Not Included within criteria N/E Not Established

ganics N/E Not Es

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TABLE 3. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR PCBs (8080)

PARCAVIDINGE	CUNITIES	RESIGNATION		PABEORARN CEMENTE
Aroclor - 1016	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Aroclor - 1221	l/gn	ND	ND	2
Aroclor - 1232	l/gn	ND	ND	2
Aroclor - 1242	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Aroclor - 1248	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Aroclor - 1254	l/gn	ND	ND	0.5
Aroclor - 1260	l/gn	ND	ND	0.5

TABLE 4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SVOC 8270)

		RESULT		27.60
ZAZAVIDIJEK	CONTRACTOR		Fritze:	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/l	ND	ND	10
2-Chlorphenol	ug/l	ND	ND	10
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/l	ND	ND	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/l	ND	ND	10
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	ug/l	ND	ND	50
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/l	ND	ND	50
2-Methylphenol	l/gn	ND	ND	10
4-Methylphenol	ug/l	ND	ND	10
2-Nitrophenol	l/gn	ND	ND	10
4-Nitrophenol	ug/l	ND	ND	50
Pentachlorophenol	ug/l	ND	ND	50
Phenol	l/gn	ND	ND	10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/l	ND	ND	50
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	l/gn	ND	ND	10
Acenaphthene	l/gn	ND	ND	10

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TABLE 4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SVOC 8270) (continued)

が		THE RESU		
PARAMICHER	F UNITE	FILME	No. of the second	NOTO NAMENCE INC.
Acenaphthylene	l/gn	ND	ND	10
Anthracene	l/gu	ND	ND	10
Benzo (A) Anthracene	l/gn	ND	ND	10
Benzo (A) Pyrene	I/Bn	ND	ND	10
Benzo (B) Flouranthene	I/Bn	ND	ND	10
Benzo (G,H,I) Perylene	I/gu	ND	ND	10
Benzo (K) Flouranthene	l/gu	ND	ND	10
Bis (2-Chloroethoxy) Methane	l/gu	ND	ND	10
Bis (2-Chloroethyl) Ether	I/gu	ND	ND	10
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) Ether	ug/l	ND	ND	10
Bis (2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ug/l	ND	ND	10
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	l/gn	ND	ND	10
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	l/gn	ND	ND	10
Carbazole	l/gn	ND	ND	10
4-Chloroaniline	ug/l	ND	ND	50

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TABLE 4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SVOC 8270) (continued)

UNITES
l/gn
ug/l
ug/1
ug/l
ug/1
l/gn
ug/l
ug/l
l/gn
ug/l
ug/1

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TABLE 4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SEMI-VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SVOC 8270) (continued)

Nearen MANAGE	FUNITS	RESU	International Comments	RAPPONAUNCERA
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/I	ND	ND	10
Hexachloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	10
Indeno (1,2,3-CD) Pyrene	ug/l	ND	ND	10
Isophorone	ug/l	ND	ND	10
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/1	ND	ND	10
Naphthalene	ug/1	ND	ND	10
2-Nitroaniline	l/gn	ND	ND	10
3-Nitroaniline	ug/1	ND	ND	25
4-Nitroaniline	l/gn	ND	ND	25
Nitrobenzene	l/gn	ND	ND	10
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/l	ND	ND	10
N-Nitroso-Di-N-Propylamine	ug/l	ND	ND	10
Phenanthrene	ng/l	ND	ND	10
Pyrene	ug/l	ND	ND	10
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ug/l	ND	ND	10

TABLE 5. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs 8010& 8020)

	# 1	RESULT		
THE STATE OF THE S	CONTRA	FITACI	1. interest	RBZORUNCIENZE
Benzene	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Bromodichloromethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Вготобогт	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Bromomethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Carbon Tetrachloride	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Chloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Chloroform	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Chloromethane	ug/l	ND	ND	11
Dibromochloromethane	l/gn	ND	ND	1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/I	ND	ND	2
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	ND	ND	2
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	ND	ND	2
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/l	ND	ND	1

TABLE 5. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs 8010& 8020) (continued)

PARKAMIDITION	Sman	INSTALL FRESTO	UPT TO THE TOTAL TO THE	RADEO RAUBACE DILVIEL
Trans 1,2 Dichloroethene	l/gn	ND	ND	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	l/gn	ND	ND	1
CIS-1,3-Dichloropropene	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	l/gn	QN	ND	1
Ethylbenzene	l/gn	QN	ND	1
Methylene Chloride	l/gn	QN	ND	1
Methyl T-Butyl Ether	l/gn	QN	ND	1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Tetrachloroethene	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Toluene	l/gn	QN	ND	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/l	ND	ND	1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	l/gn	ND	ND	1
Trichloroethene	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/l	ND	ND	_
Vinyl Chloride	ug/l	ND	ND	1
Xylenes (Total)	l/gn	ND	ND	1

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TABLE 6. ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR DIOXINS (8280)

PARAMETER	RESUL	RESULT (ppt)*	DETECTION LIMIT	NOIL
	FIA-1	суш	FTA-1	FTA2
2,3,7,8-TCDD	ND	QN	0.32	0.32
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	ND	QN	6.4	6.4
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	ND	QN	4	4
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	ND	ΩN	1.4	1.4
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	QN	QN	2	2
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	ND	QN	4.1	4.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD	QN	QN	4.4	4.4
2,3,7,8-TCDF	QN ·	QN	0.36	0.36
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	QN	QN	5.6	5.6
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	QN	QN	8	8
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	QN	QN	7	<i>L</i>
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	QN	QN	6.5	6.5
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	QN	QN	4.2	4.2
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	QN	QN	3.8	3.8
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	QN	ND	1.4	1.4
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	QN	QN	4.3	4.3
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDF	QN	QN	2.5	2.5

* parts per trillion

7.0 REFERENCES

- CH2M Hill, November 1994, Final Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Fire Training Area. Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- Lobeck, A.K., 1932 Physiographic Diagram of Kentucky, Atlas of American Geology, Geographical Press, Columbia University.
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 1993, Local Climatological Data, Annual Summary with Comparative Data, Louisville, Kentucky. Ashville, North Carolina.
- State of Kentucky Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet, Department for Environmental Protection, Division of Water, 401 KAR 5:031 Surface Water Standards, Section 2 and Section 4.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1974, Geological Map of the Louisville East Quadrangle, Jefferson County, Kentucky, by Roy C. Kepferle. Reston, Virginia.
- U.S. Geological Survey, March 1993, Site Investigation at the 123rd Airlift Wing, Kentucky Air National Guard, Standiford Field, Louisville, Kentucky. Louisville, Kentucky.
- U.S. EPA, November 1994, Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories.

FIELD LOG SHEETS & CHAIN OF CUSTODY APPENDIX 1

(2) February 07, 1997	February 07, 1997	1 0 L	997	(B)
1996 Oy Sampling Event D. O. # 57	Dioxins	,	2270	
Reutlingrood Blake OF Site at	FTA-1		FTA-1	
UPS entrance (Feeder Gase) @ Milshu	FTA-a		FTA-3	9:27
Phil Ashbacher already with Oaden	MS		WS	
Cepresentatives. UPS representative met	MSD		MSD	
Ogden and This of the Feeder				
Gode endravna. Cor driven by UPS	Pc6s		2013	
Representative to Raying and cooper	FTA-1		FIA-1	
Coestan Samples deleased directly	FTA-3		FTA-3	
into sample containers. No magazepearts	MS	82	ESS ARS FTA-1	
taken water appearance was case	MSD	7	C-ATH CAMP	~
clear, Samples placed in cocless				<u>.</u>
and taken back to Ogden, Off 516	TAL Metals			
@ ~ 10:15 am.	FTA-1			
	FTA-3			
	Finished sampling	plina	9:39.	
		フー		

LML B97-1311

WHITE - LAB ... CANARY - REPORT ... PINK - CLIENT

American Environmental Network, Inc. CHAIN OF CUSTODY

FORM #12694 ·

11 East Olive Road • Pensacola, FL 32514 • (904) 474-1001

ART 1 - Bottle Shipment Information													AEN ACCESSION #: 7027 ENT PROJECT NUMBER: 3-1300-0057-0001												15	<u>, 0</u>			
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QUANTITY OF SAMPLE CONTAINERS SHIPPED	°os² H	1,0	1	Zn Acetate		pe/	NaOH :	-		1		٠		٦	₽-	1 liter (A)	N liter (C)	40 ml Vial	4 oz. wm	8 oz. wm	16 oz. wm	32 oz. wm	D.I. Trip Blank	NOTES					
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PART 2 - Sample/Proj	ect	Info	orma	atio	n															A	1D	PRE	SE	RVA	ATIVES REQI			UE	STED
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